THE DAILY REPUBLIC.

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OFFICE OF THE REPUBLIC.

NINTH STREET. NEAR PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

By the President of the United States. N pursuance of law, I, FRANKLIN PIERCE, President of the United States of America, do bereby declare and make known that public sales will be held at the undermentioned land offices in

mencing on Monday, the third day of October next, for the disposal of the public lands situated in the following named townships, viz:

North of the base line and west of the fourth cipal meridian.

Townships thirty two, thirty three, thirty four, thirty five, and thirty six, of range five.

Townships thirty one, thirty two, thirty three, thirty four, thirty five, and thirty six, of range

Townships thirty one, thirty two, thirty three, thirty four, and thirty five, of range seven.
Townships thirty one, thirty two, thirty three, and thirty four, of range eight.
Townships thirty one, thirty two, and thirty three, of range nine.
Townships thirty one, thirty two, thirty three, and thirty four, of range sixteen.
Townships thirty three and thirty four, of range seventeen.

At the land office at MENASHA, commencing on Monday, the tenth day of October next, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermen-tioned townships and parts of townships, to wit: North of the base line and east of the fourth princi-

pal meridian.

Townships twenty five and twenty six, of range

Townships twenty five and twenty six, of range twelve.
Fractional township twenty one, west of Wolf river, and townships twenty lour, twenty five, and twenty six, of range thirteen.
Fractional townships twenty one and twenty two, west of Wolf river and Bayou, and townships twenty three, twenty four, twenty five, and twenty six, of range fourteen.
Fractional township twenty two, west of Wolf river, townships twenty three and twenty four, and fractional townships twenty five and twenty six, west of Wolf river, of range fifteen.
Fractional townships twenty two, twenty three, twenty four, and twenty six, west of Wolf river, of range sixteen.

of range sixteen.
At the land office at LA CROSSE, commencing

on Monday, the seventeenth day of October next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following named townships, to wit: North of the base line and west of the fourth principal

Townships twenty and twenty one, of range one

Townships seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twen-ly, and twenty one, of range two. Townships twenty one and twenty two, of range

eleven.

Townships twenty one and twenty two, of range twelve.

Townships twenty one and twenty two, of range thirteen.

North of the base line and east of the fourth prin

Cipal meridian.

Townships twenty one, twenty two, twenty three, and twenty lour, of range one.

Township twenty one, of range two.

At the land office at STEVENS'S POINT, commencing on Monday, the twenty fourth day of October next, for the disposal of the public lands situated in the following townships and parts of

North of the base line and east of the fourth prin

Township twenty six, of range four.
Township twenty six, of range five.
Sections three to ten, fifteen to twenty two, and
twenty six to thirty five, in township twenty six;
township twenty seven, (except sections thirteen,
twenty four, twenty five, thirty five, and thirty
six,) and townships twenty eight, twenty nine,
and thirty of cannot six.

six.) and townships twenty eight, twenty hine, and thirty, of range six.

Sections one, two, eleven to fourteen, twenty three to twenty five, and thirty six, in township twenty siz; sections thirteen, twenty four, twenty five, thirty five, and thirty six, in township twenty seven; sections five to eight, seventeen to twenty, thirty, and thirty one, in township twenty eight; township twenty nine, (except sections twenty five to twenty eight, and thirty three to thirty.

eight, township twenty nine, (except sections twen ty five to twenty eight, and thirty three to thirty six.) and township thirty, of range seven.

Sections one to five, eight to fifteen, twenty two to twenty seven, thirty five and thirty six, in township twenty four; township twenty five, (except sections six, seven, eighteen, nineteen, thirty, and thirty one;) township twenty six; townships twenty six; townships twenty six; townships twenty six; townships twenty seven. (excent section six.) issente ships (wenty seven, (except section six.) twenty eight, (except sections six, seven, eighteen, nine-teen, thirty, and thirty one;) and townships twenty nine and thirty, of range eight

Townships twenty five and twenty six, of range

nine.

Township twenty six, of range eleven.

Township twenty six, of range eleven.

Township twenty six, of range eleven. At the land office at MINERAL POINT, commencing on Monday, the second day of January next, for the disposal of the following, being re siduary tracts of the reserved lead mineral lands, which were not included in the proclamations of the 20th November, 1846, and 28th April, 1851, to be sold under the act of Congress entitled "An act to authorize the President of the United States to sell the reserved mineral lands in the States of Illinois and Arkansas, and Territories of Wisconsin and Iowa, supposed to contain lead ore," approved July 11, 1846, to wit:

North of the base line and east of the fourth pren-

The west half and northeast quarter of the south-west quarter, the northeast quarter of the north-west quarter, and the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section one; the east half of the northwest quarter, the southeast quarter, the west half of the southwest quarter, and the south-west quarter of the northeast quarter of and the northeast quarter, and north half of south-west quarter of section thirteen, in township one; the northeast quarter of section thirteen, in township fivo; the west half of the northwest quarter of section eleven, in township three; the east half of the southeast quarter of thirty six, in township five, of range one.

The west half and northeast quarter of the northwest quarter, the east half of the southeast quarter of section two, in township two, of range two. The west half and northeast quarter of the south-

two, in township two, of range two. The cast half of the northeast ast quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter, and the northeast quarter of section four, in tournship two, and the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section five, in

menship three, of range three.

The east half of the northwest quarter, the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter, the north-west quarter of the northeast quarter, and the east half of the southwest quarter of section thirty, in township four; and the west half of the northwest quarter of section thirty five, in township five, of range four.

North of the base line and west of the fourth prin-cipal meridian.

The west half of the northwest quarter of section three, in township two; the east half of the northwest quarter, and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of four; the west half of the southeast quarter of twenty seven, and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of thirty four, in township three, of range one.

The morthwest quarter of wenty seven, and the west half of the southeast quarter of thirty, in township three, of range twenty in township three, of range twenty in the same place of the southeast quarter of thirty, in township three, of range twenty in the same place of the southeast quarter of thirty, in the same place of the southeast quarter of thirty, in the same place of the southeast quarter of thirty, in the same place of the southeast quarter of thirty, in the same place of the southeast quarter of thirty, in the same place of the southeast quarter of t

North of the base line and west of the fourth principal Section one, the cast half and southwest quarter,

The Daily Republic

VOL. V.

WASHINGTON: TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 26 1853.

No 18.

and the north half of thirty five, in township ten, of range five.

Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military and other purposes, together with "those swamp and overflowed lands, made unfit thereby for cultivation," if any, granted to the State by the act entitled "An act to enable the State of Ar kansas and other States to reclaim the "swamp lands" within their limits," approved September 28, 1850, will be excluded from the sales.

In accordance with the provisions of the act of 11th July, 1846, hereinbefore referred to, preemption claims will not be allowed to any of the above-mentioned lead mineral tracts to be offered at Mineral Point, until after they have been offered at public sale, and become subject to private en try. And these tracts will be sold in such legal subdivisions as will include the mine or mines at and the north half of thirty five, in foundate tenof range five.

Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools,
military and other purposes, together with "those
swamp and overflowed lands, made unfit thereby
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above-mentioned lead mineral tracts to be offered
at Mineral Point, until after they have been offered
at public sale, and become subject to private en
try. And these tracts will be sold in such legal
subdivisions as will include the mine or mines at
not less than two dollars and fifty cents per acre;
and if not sold at the public sale at such price, nor
shall be entered at private sale within twelve

as other lands.

The offering of the above lands will be commenced on the days appointed, and will proceed in the order in which they are advertised until the whole shall have been offered, and the sales thus closed; but no sale shall be kept open longer than two weeks, and no private entry of any of the lands will be admitted until after the expiration of the two weeks.

Given under my hand, at the city of Washing-ton, this twenty-first day of June. Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty three. FRANKLIN PIERCE.

By the President:

JOHN WILSON, Commissioner of the General Land Office.

NOTICE TO PRE-EMPTION CLAIMANTS. Every person entitled to the right of pre-emption to any of the lands within the townships and parts of townships above enumerated, is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the register and receiver of the proper land office, and make payment therefor as soon as practicable after seeing this notice, and before the day appointed for the commencement of the public sale of the lands embracing the tract claimed, otherwise such claim will be forfeited. JOHN WILSON.

Commissioner of the General Land Office June 23—law13w

By the President of the United States.

In pursuance of law, I, FRANKLIN PIERCE, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales will be held at the undermentioned land offices, in the State of MICHIGAN, at the periods hereinaf

At the land office at the SAULT STE. MARIE, commencing on Monday, the twenty-second day of August next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following named townships and fractional townships, situated east of Chocolate

North of the base line and west of the principal me-

North of the base line and west of the principal meridian.

Townships forty four and forty five, of range four; townships forty four and forty five, fractional township fifty, and section thirty one, on the main land of townships fifty one, of range five.

Townships forty five and forty six, of range six.

Townships forty five, forty six, and forty seven, of range seven.

Townships forty five, forty six, and forty seven, of range seven.

Townships forty six, forty seven, forty eight, and forty nine, and fractional township fifty, of range eight.

Townships forty six, forty seven, and forty eight, and fractional townships forty nine and fifty, of range nine.

Township forty six, of range eleven.

Townships forty six, forty seven, and forty eight, and fractional townships forty nine and fifty, of range twelve.

Townships forty six, forty seven, forty eight, and fractional townships forty nine and fifty, of range twelve.

range thirteen.

range thirteen.

Townships forty two, forty three, forty six, forty seven, and forty eight, and fractional township forty nine, of range fourteen.

Townships forty six, forty seven, and forty

eight, of range lifteen.
Fractional township forty two, township forty three, and fractional townships forty eight and forty nine, of range sixteen. Fractional township forty eight, of range seven

Fractional township forty seven, on Section eighteen, in township forty seven, on "Grand Island," of range eighteen.
Township forty seven, on "Grand Island," (except lot one in section twelve, lot two in twenty one, lots two, three, and four in twenty two, and lots one, two, and three in twenty three,) and township forty eight, on "Grand Island," (except sections fourteen, fifteen, and sixteen,) of range nineteen.

cept sections fourteen, fifteen, and sixteen,) of range nineteen.

Townships forty three, forty four, forty five, and forty six, and fractional townships forty seven and forty sight, of range twenty one.

At the SAME PLACE, commencing on Monday, the fifth day of September next, for the disposal of the public lands within the limits of the following-named townships and fractional townships lying west of the Chocolate river, viz. North of the base line and west of the principal meri

Township forty two, of range twenty three.
Townships forty one and forty two; fractional sections two, (except lot four,) three, (except lot five;) section four; the east half of five; and lone, in section eleven, in lounship forty eight; and the west half of section thirty two, and fractional section thirty three, on the main land, in township forty nine, of range twenty five.
Townships forty one, forty two, forty three, forty four, forty five, and fifty, of range twenty seven.

forty four, forty five, and fifty, of range twenty seven.

Townships forty one, forty two, forty three, forty four, forty five, and fifty; sections two, three, and four, in township fifty eight; and fructional township fifty hime, (except sections twenty, seven, twenty eight, lot two of twenty nine, lots three and four of thirty two, on "Porter's Island," and lot one of thirty three,) of range twenty eight.

Section six in township fifty eight, and fractional sections thirty and thirty one, (except the west part of lot three,) in township fifty nine, of range twenty nine.

Sections one, two, three, four, five, (except the north fraction on the east cape of Eagle harbor.) and six in township fifty eight, and sections thirty two, (except the east part of lot three,) thirty three, (except two small tracts on the east and west capes of "Grand Marais Harbor,") thirty two, (except the east part of lot three,) thirty three, (except two small tracts on the east and west capes of "Grand Marais Harbor,") thirty four, thirty five, and thirty six. (except the two small fractions on the capes of "North and South Bays,") in township fifly nine, of range thirty. Sections seventeen, eighteen, and nineteen, on the main land, in township fifty three, of range thirty two.

hrity two.

Fractional townships forty one and forty two, townships forty three, forty four, and forty five; sections one to five, and eight to twelve, in township fifty; sections thirty two to thirty six, in township fifty one; and sections thirteen, fourteen, township fifty one; and sections thirteen, fourteen,

At the SAME PLACE, commencing on Monday, the mineteenth day of September next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following-named townships and fractional townships west of Choco are view to with North of the base line and west of the principal meri

west quarter of section twenty six; the west half of twenty seven; the east half of twenty eight, Fractional township forty three, and townships

townships forty eight, forty five and forty six, forty five.

Fractional townships forty five and forty six, townships forty seven and forty eight, and the sections and parts of sections not heretofore effered at public sale in fractional townships forty nine and fifty, of range forty six.

The sections and parts of sections not heretofore of the sections and parts of sections forty six, forty

four.

Fractional township forty one, of range five.

At the land office at GENNESSEE, commencing on Monday, the twenty second day of August next, for the disposal of the public lands situated within the following named townships, viz: North of the base line and east of the principal meri-

than two weeks, and no private entry or location by land warrants for bounties beretofore granted by any law of Congress for military services ren-dered to the United States of any of the lands, will be admitted until after the expiration of the wo weeks.
G.ven under my hand, at the city of Washing.

ton, this eighteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty three. FRANKLIN PIERCE. By the President:

John Wilson, Commissioner of the General Land Office.

NOTICE TO PRE EMPTION CLAIMANTS. Every person entitled to the right of pre-emption to any of the lands within the townships and parts of townships above enumerated, is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the re gister and receiver of the proper land office, and make payment therefor as soon as practicable after seeing this notice, and before the day appointed for the commencement of the public saie of the land embracing the tract claimed; otherwise such claim will be forfeited.

Commissioner of the General Land Office.

May 20—law13w

May 20—law13w

MAYOR'S PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by the act entitled "An act relating to doge," approved 25th July, 1829, and the act amending the same, approved 27th April, 1838, it is provided that "whenever it shall be made appear to the satisfaction of the Mayor that any animal of the dog kind within this city shall be "deemed and considered mad," it shall be kept confined for such number of days as he shall deem expedient and proper, to state in said proclamation, not exceeding ninety days; and it shall be the duty of the city constables, and lawful for any other person, to kill and bury all and every dog going at large contrary to the said proclamation," &c.

Now, therefore, it having been made to appear

tion," &c. Now, therefore, it having been made to appear

PROFESSOR ALEXANDER C. BARRY'S TRICOPHEROUS, or Medicated Compound, for beautifying, curling, preserving, restoring and strengthening the Hair, relieving diseases of the skin, curing rheumatic pains and healing external wounds. Bounded by no geographical lines, the reputation of Barry's Tricopherous pervades the Union. The saies of the article of late years have increased in a ratio that almost exceeds belief. Professor Barry, after a careful examination of his sales-book, finds that the number of bottles delivered to order, in quantities of from half a gross upward, during the year 1852, was within a trifle of 950,000.

It is unnecessary to present at length the evi-

benefactress to the visitors who frequent this wabeness of the wonderful properties of the Tricopherous when the public have furnished such an endorsement as this. The cheapness of the article, and the explanations given of its chemical action upon the hair, the scalp, and in all cases of superficial irritation, first recommended it to the attention of the people. This was all that the inventor desired. Every battle advertised litelit. The effects of the fluid exceeded expectation. It acted like a charm. The ladies would not be without it. Country dealers in every section of the United States found they must have it; and those was built up a wholesale trade of an extent hitherto unheard of as regards articles of this kind. The highest point has not yet been reached, and it is believed that the sales this year will be a million and a half of bottles.

Depot and manufactory, No. 137 Broadway, New York. Retail price, 25 cents a large bottle.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity Sold by all the principal merchants and druggists throughout the United States and Canada, Mexico, West Indies, Great Britain, France, &c., by S. PARKER, Penn, avenue, And A. LAMMOND, 7th street, June 4—d&triw6m*

Washington.

THE REPUBLIC. en foreheads to the rising orb of day.

SUMMER SKETCHES-No. 7. BY MARY J. WINDLE.

SHANNONDALE SPRINGS, July 22, 1853. For a writer to give sketches of Virginia life vithout adverting to the slave population, would be as difficult as for the historian to write of the early settlement of America without alluding to

Among the numerous important subjects with which the public mind, within a few years past, at public sale in townships forty eight and forty nine, of range forty three.

Fractional township forty five, townships forty six and forty seven, and the sections and parts of sections not heretofore offered in townships forty eight and forty nine, of range forty four.

Fractional township forty five, townships forty six and forty seven, and the sections and parts of sections not heretofore offered at public sale in townships forty eight, forty nine, and fifty, of range forty five.

We have at this moment a full view of a section of the public sale in the

We have, at this moment, a full view of group of the house slaves connected with this establishment collected at the kitchen door, their daily work ended, capering and practising jokes upon each other, while their even rows of offered at public sale in townships forty six, forty teeth and the white of their eyes—the most expressive feature in the African physiognomy-are seven.

The sections and parts of sections not heretofore displayed in striking contrast to their ebony offered at public sale in fractional township forty skins.

mine, of range forty eight.

The west half of section one, sections two, ten, (except lot one,) eleven, west half of twelve, west half of thirteen, fourteen, and the north half of plexion is of the most intense black, and her eyes fifteen, in fractional township forty eight, of range have a peculiarity which gives a singular expres-North of the base line and east of the principal meri- sion to her whole face. As much of the white is visible above as below the pupil, which, being very Sections seven, eight, nine, fifteen, seventeen, and eighteen, on the main land, in township forty seven, of range one.

Fractional township forty one, (except lots two and three in section ten, lots one and two in section twelve, and fractional section fifteen,) of range for. projecting chin, complete an assemblage of features which are always shaded-morn, noon, and night-by an immense bandana handkerchief. Parisian belle ever took more pride in her 'chaussure'' than aunt Easter in her bandana.

Faithful as the wren, industrious as the bee, and Township thirty three, of range two.

Township thirty three, of range three.

Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military and other purposes, together with "those swamp and overflowed lands made unfit thereby kitchen—such as beating the whites of eggs till they for cultivation," if any, granted to the State by the act entitled "An act to enable the State of Arbarass and other States to reclaim the 'swamp and overflowed lands made unit thereby kitchen—such as beating the whites of eggs till they foam like a cascade, seasoning puddings and price, and culting pastry in various original forms. the act entitled "An act to enable the State of Arkansas and other States to reclaim the swamp lands" within their limits," approved September 28, 1850, will be excluded from the sales.

Particular lists of the sections and parts of sections not heretofore offered at public sale in the particular townships above mentioned, will be deposited with the register and receiver at the Sault Ste. Marie before the day of sale. The offering of the lands will be commenced on the days appoint ed, and will proceed in the order in which they are advertised with all convenient despatch, until the whole shall have been offered and the sales thus closed; but no sale shall be kept open longer than two weeks, and no private entry or location grass among the pink-headed clover and golden butter-cups. As we now write, we have a view of her movements from our chamber window. She is engaged in working over some rich golden butter in a wooden tray as white as milk. a smooth wooden paddle she toils over the yellow mass till every drop of buttermilk drips out, then moulds it into immense biscuits, stamping them vigorously with her practised hand, leaving beautiful impressions of lilies and roses and sweetmelling posies, doomed to be as evanescent as

the flowers whose similitude they assume. We wish Mrs. Stowe could see aunt Easter hurning in that little porch. In her neat checked apron, her sleeves rolled up above her plump elbows, she would afford that lady a true and

noble representation of slave life in the South.

master's coachman, he presented her with a little plat of ground to cultivate for her own especial ise. Easter's garden is a perfect horticultural gem. Not a weed defaces the smooth, square-cut Now, therefore, it having been made to appear to my satisfaction that there are "animals of the to my satisfaction that there are "animals of the office kept confined for and during the term of sixty days from the date hercof; and the police officers of his Corporation are required to of his Corporation are required to enforce the law in respect to all such as may be found going at large contrary to this proclamation.

Given under my hand at the Mayor's office, in the city of Washington, this 29th day of June, 1853.

JOHN W. MAURY, July 6-law6w

DROFESSOR ALEXANDER C. BARRY'S

TROFESSOR ALEXANDER C. BARRY'S

Parsley—margined beds where long, regular rows of vogetables, in beautiful and well-ordered family fluences, and the general tendency of things has fluences, and the general tendency of things has divented an accumulation of capital, rather lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, the self-leave of general ease. An inference may be required to the future monetary condition of the future monetary condition of the twinkling of an large contrary to this proclamation.

Given under my hand at the Mayor's office, in the city of Washington, this 29th day of June, lies and the police officers in the cut of lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, grow side by side. There is the beet, with lies, grow side by side. T parsley-margined beds where long, regular rows

by sweet-williams and pansies; divisions of lon-gitudes by pinks, daisies, and bachelor's buttons; off the rest in laughing at the style of Mississippi and right in the centre of this magnificent flowery editorials .- Boston Post.

globe a cluster of tall sun-flowers turn their gold

This, dear reader, is a true picture in Virginia, drawn without any of those preju dices—we being from a middle State—with which

ments having olearly proved that there is no Captain's Clerk, James Conway. "slavery" on the wide surface of our country can be found comparable to that which is there per-

The cry of oppressed women which "Hood" se eloquently rendered into sorrowful verse, rever berates throughout the North. It tells the same smal story in the same sad accents:

"Work—work—work;
My labor never flags.
And what are its wages? A bed of straw,
A crust of bread and rags.
That shatter'd roof—and this naked floor—

A table—a broken chair— And a wall so blank, my shadow I thank For sometimes falling there!'' Does any one think the picture overdrawn? sk him to read the columns of the leading journals of New York, which show an almost incredible state of poverty and privation among the sewing women of that city, the paltry remuneration allowed them being hardly sufficient to sus-

tain life. Will our abolition friends allow us to sugges an amelioration of the condition of this deserving portion of their population ere they proffer sympathy to those who need it not?

THE COACH RATTLE AVOIDED .- An intelligent contributor furnishes the Boston Transcript with the following account of an improvement which is soon to be introduced for public favor. He

"To prevent the noise and din of omnibuses and other carriages on their way through the streets, has long been a great desideratum; and the public will be rejoiced to be informed that a mode to accomplish so important an object has at length been obtained. The improvement is said to have emanated from a practical engineer, and to be applicable to all sorts of vehicles for the common roads. By a proper arrangement and connexion of the doors and windows, on the part of the manufacturer, the shaking and rattle generally so peculiar to them may readily be avoided. But to get rid of the sound of the wheels, as they to get rid of the sound of the wheels, as they strike against the pavements, has hitherto been considered almost an impossibility. This, we learn, may now be accomplished in the most simple and effective manner. All that is necessary ple and effective manner. All that is necessary is merely to cover the rims with India-rubber tires, of from an inch to an inch and a half in thickness, according to circumstances. At first, it was thought that the India-rubber would lack strength and durability. But being expressly prepared for the purpose, it is asserted that it will not only retain its place and elasticity, but endure for an almost incredible time. In a case, with such most incredible time. In a coach, with such wheels, the sensation is described to be like that which one might expect to experience in riding over a road composed of layers of velvet; and we over a road composed of layers of velvet; and we may add that the first person who will introduce such a model of a coach or omnibus into this city, may be sure to reap a rich reward for his enter

MONEY AND BUSINESS IN BOSTON .- Money rates have continued to advance during the week, slowly but surely; although no pressure has been experi-enced in our market in consequence. From seven to eight per cent. may be quoted as the ruling rate. Contrary to the expectations of many the forcing Contrary to the expectations of many, the foreign news by the late steamers Franklin and Europa has had as yet no unfavorable influence upon the finan-cial operations on this side of the Atlantic. The While the industrious, smiling, and happy mother works and spats and stamps her butter, Easter junior looks up from her rich clover bed, reclining her ebony head on her chubby elbow, while she pulls butter cups and tosses over to her little brother, who is vigorously plying the churn-dash by its mother's side, or rolling over on the grass, kicking up its chubby feet and crowing with all its might. This little fellow—who seems literally to live in clover—is named after Andrew Jackson, and Easter exhibits him with as much pride as the mother of the "Gracchi."

While the industrious, smiling, and happy mother works and spats and stamps her butter, Easter junior looks up from her rich clover bed, reclining the supply of capital is at present abundant with us, and some time must elapse before a panic or crisis can occur to seriously impair credit, or crisis can occur to seriously impair Mussia, or should hostilities have actually commenced, our condition has been so strongly fortified by the influx of large amounts of capital, that the worst that can happen immediately will be merely a slight increase in rates over those at present ruling. As our readers are well aware, there have been no important money transactions entered into on this side of the water for several months; most of the great enterprises of the day have received foreign aid. Our markets too have been almost entirely devoid of speculative in close to the ground.

A Little Incident.—A backelor friend of our warrounded by slender hoops, over which they wanton and curl, and mingle their tendrils in spite of all restraint.

Along the fence savory herbs and medicinal shrubs appear in harmonious brotherhood. This part of the garden is Easter's peculiar province, and through its instrumentality she becomes a benefactress to the visitors who frequent this watering place.

Does any feverish sufferer sigh for a decoction of soothing balm, Easter always has some of the leaves dried and preserved ready for relief.

Does any anxious mother sigh for a handful of cathip to relieve a fretful infant, Easter always has a supply of the odoriferous medicine. She has a supply of the odoriferous medicine. She has a supply of the odoriferous medicine. She has chamomile, wornswood, and rue for tonics, tansy for poultices, and peppermint and catnip for infants.

A Little Incident.—A backelor friend of ours was riding a day or two ago through Athel, in this State when he overtook a little girl and boy apprinted five years before Columbus sailed on his voyage westward in search of a new world. The work is in Latin, but the work is in Latin, but the works in Latin, but the works in Latin, but the work is in the baby! And in her joy she telt as it all have have the same delight as herself; and it was a matter of affectionate pride to her that lifted her little heart above the reach of ordinary envy, for the haby was her world, and what else had she in the baby was her world, and what el to crave? Such was the reflection of our friend, and he remembered it long enough to tell it to us yesterday in State street.—Boston Post.

In Paulding, Mississippi, Dr. Dozler shot rattlesnake seven feet long and twenty inches round; the monster was running towards him. He had but one rattle, having rattled the others

THE WEEKLY REPUBLIC.

This journal has been enlarged, and is printed on paper of a superior quality. It is not a mere compilation from the Danty Revenue, but a well conducted literary, political, and miscellaneous periodical, embracing in its contents a summary of the News of the Week, carefully condensed; Reviews of Passing Events; Tales, Sketches, Essays, Postry, &c., &c. It is our determination to render it an agreeable and instructive newspaper, alike worthy the patronage of every family, and appropriate for the perusal of every reader.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, payable invariably GIDEON & CO. Washington, D. C.

ARRIVAL ON THE UNITED STATES SHIP JOHN ADAMS.—The sloop-of-war John Adams arrived at Boston on Saturday from the west coast of Africa, after an absence of over four years. ing is a list of her officers:

dices—we being from a middle State—with which a Southerner or Northerner might be supposed forearmed. We recommend it to the respectful consideration of our northern friends, whose tears are flowing freely over the sad and melancholy privations of southern slaves.

The negro of the South lives sumptuously in comparison with that oppressed class of white sewing women of New York; recent developments having olearly proved that there is no contact the series of the south lives sumptuously in the series of the sout

The Transcript, in announcing her arrival,

"The John Adams was put in commission at this navy yard June 19, 1849, and sailed under command of Commander Levin M. Powell, June 30, for the Brazil station, where she remained only until the 7th December of that year, when she was ordered to join the squadron on the west coast of Africa.

"On the 13th of October, 1850, she sailed from Port Praya for Norfolk, with the officers and crew of the United States ship Yorktown, recently wrecked at the Island of Mayo. Here she was paid off and reofficered and manned, and sailed for the coast of Africa again on the 24th of April, 1852, thus completing a four years' commission, during which time she has sailed 69,144 miles while on the coast of Africa. The John Adams has lost but tirree men by death, one by falling from aloft, and two from chronic diseases of the

heart and lungs.
"She has also brought home three of the crew of the American brig Seamew, of New York, which was wrecked in the bay of 'Yof,' west coast of Africa, on the 10th of October, 1852; also fifof Africa, on the 10th of October, 1852; also fif-teen of the crew of the American whaling-barque Franklin, which was cast away on the Isle of Sal, March 31, 1853; likewise eight invalids from the United States ship Constitution, the only Ameri-can vessel in port when the John Adams le t, June 22, 1853."

Post Office Stamps .- These articles, as all Post Office Stamps.—These articles, as all our readers know, are sometimes rather difficult to fasten on letters without the aid of a little extra gum on the paste. The Chautauque Democrat tells a pretty good story on this subject, which occurred at Westfield. A letter was put into the box, the appearance of which denoted that the writer was unaccustomed to the use of the stamps, and had failed to make one stick at all. He had tried, and vainly tried, but the investerate poetral tried, and vainly tried, but the inveterate portrait of Benjamin Franklin would curl up. At last, in lespair, he pinned it to the envelope, and wrote ust under it—"PAID, if the d—d thing sticks!"
[New York Sunday Dispatch.

Narratives, the origin of which is certainly very ancient, furnish us with two very interesting facts. The one describes a flying chariot, which a man directed through the air as he pleased, and which was exhibited as a master-piece of art, and not of magic. The other states that beneath a balloon a little car was attached, in which a man placed himself, and the balloon shooting up into the air rapidly, transported the traveller wherever he desired to go. -N. Y. National Democrat, July 19.

to them more particularly? Who are Mediums:—It has generally been denied that the taps were made by the feet. One of our exchanges replies that it is a little curious that no "pantalooned creature, whether male or Bloomer, has been a rapper. Petticoats are essential to the operation. The spirits eschew breeches entirely." This is hardly fair, however, when we remember that committees of ladies have investigated the subject, and report that they were satisfied that the taps continued after the netticoats and all other mysterious articles had petticoats and all other mysterious articles had been removed.—New York Sunday Dispatch.

If we ever read these narratives we have for-

gotten them. Will the Democrat please refer us

SALE OF LOUDOUN LAND .- We understand, the tracts of land advertised in this paper some weeks ago, to be sold by B. P. Noland, commissioner, in

An Old Book.—We recently examined a copy of the Confessions of Saint Augustine, which was printed five years before Columbus sailed on his voyage westward in search of a new world. The work is in Latin, but the words are abbreviated to seed an extent that four paragraph have here.

BAD SPELLING.—A gentleman wrote Dr. Francis the following note:

"Dear Doctor: I caught cold yesterday, and have got a little horse. Please write what I shall do for them.

The following was the answer:

"Dear P.: For the cold take half a pound of butter candy. For the little horse buy a saddle and bridle, and ride him out of town the first time we have pleasant weather. Yours, Dr. F."

It is very rare to find ground which produces nothing; if it is not covered with flowers, with fruit trees and grains, it produces briers and pines. It is the same with man; if he is not virtuous, he